

Assembly Bill No. 2105

CHAPTER 160

An act to amend Section 296 of the Penal Code, relating to DNA collection, and declaring the urgency thereof, to take effect immediately.

[Approved by Governor July 11, 2002. Filed with
Secretary of State July 12, 2002.]

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 2105, La Suer. DNA collection.

Under existing law, specified felony offenders and registrable sex offenders are required to provide blood and saliva samples along with their prints for a state DNA database. The materials are collected by detention facilities or designated state, local, or private agencies, and forwarded to the Department of Justice. Existing law makes it unlawful to possess, use, or threaten to use weapons of mass destruction or restricted biological substances, as specified.

This bill would add persons convicted of terrorist activity in violation of the weapons of mass destruction provisions to those offenders who are required to provide DNA samples for inclusion in the state database.

The California Constitution requires the state to reimburse local agencies and school districts for certain costs mandated by the state. Statutory provisions establish procedures for making that reimbursement, including the creation of a State Mandates Claims Fund to pay the costs of mandates that do not exceed \$1,000,000 statewide and other procedures for claims whose statewide costs exceed \$1,000,000.

This bill would provide that, if the Commission on State Mandates determines that the bill contains costs mandated by the state, reimbursement for those costs shall be made pursuant to these statutory provisions.

This bill would declare that it is to take effect immediately as an urgency statute.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. Section 296 of the Penal Code is amended to read:

296. (a) (1) Any person who is convicted of any of the following crimes, or is found not guilty by reason of insanity of any of the following crimes, shall, regardless of sentence imposed or disposition rendered, be required to provide two specimens of blood, a saliva

sample, right thumbprints, and a full palm print impression of each hand for law enforcement identification analysis:

(A) Any offense or attempt to commit any felony offense described in Section 290, or any felony offense that imposes upon a person the duty to register in California as a sex offender under Section 290.

(B) Murder in violation of Section 187, 190, 190.05, or any degree of murder as set forth in Chapter 1 (commencing with Section 187) of Title 8 of Part 1 of the Penal Code, or any attempt to commit murder.

(C) Voluntary manslaughter in violation of Section 192 or an attempt to commit voluntary manslaughter.

(D) Felony spousal abuse in violation of Section 273.5.

(E) Aggravated sexual assault of a child in violation of Section 269.

(F) A felony offense of assault or battery in violation of Section 217.1, 220, 241.1, 243, 243.1, 243.3, 243.4, 243.7, 244, 245, 245.2, 245.3, or 245.5.

(G) Kidnapping in violation of subdivisions (a) to (e), inclusive, of Section 207, or Section 208, 209, 209.5, or 210, or an attempt to commit any of these offenses.

(H) Mayhem in violation of Section 203 or aggravated mayhem in violation of Section 205, or an attempt to commit either of these offenses.

(I) Torture in violation of Section 206 or an attempt to commit torture.

(J) Burglary as defined in subdivision (a) of Section 460 or an attempt to commit this offense.

(K) Robbery as defined in subdivision (a) or (b) of Section 212.5 or an attempt to commit either of these offenses.

(L) Arson in violation of subdivision (a) or (b) of Section 451 or an attempt to commit either of these offenses.

(M) Carjacking in violation of Section 215 or an attempt to commit this offense.

(N) Terrorist activity in violation of Section 11418 or 11419, or a felony violation of Section 11418.5, or an attempt to commit any of these offenses.

(2) Any person who is required to register under Section 290 because of the commission of, or the attempt to commit, a felony offense specified in Section 290, and who is committed to any institution under the jurisdiction of the Department of the Youth Authority where he or she was confined, or is granted probation, or is or was committed to a state hospital as a mentally disordered sex offender under Article 1 (commencing with Section 6300) of Chapter 2 of Part 2 of Division 6 of the Welfare and Institutions Code, shall be required to provide two specimens of blood, a saliva sample, right thumbprints, and a full palm print impression of each hand to that institution or, in the case of a person



granted probation, to a person and at a location within the county designated for testing.

(b) The provisions of this chapter and its requirements for submission to testing as soon as administratively practicable to provide specimens, samples, and print impressions as described in subdivision (a) shall apply regardless of placement or confinement in any mental hospital or other public or private treatment facility, and shall include, but not be limited to, the following persons, including juveniles:

(1) Any person committed to a state hospital or other treatment facility as a mentally disordered sex offender under Article 1 (commencing with Section 6300) of Chapter 2 of Part 2 of Division 6 of the Welfare and Institutions Code.

(2) Any person who has a severe mental disorder as set forth within the provisions of Article 4 (commencing with Section 2960) of Chapter 7 of Title 1 of Part 3 of the Penal Code.

(3) Any person found to be a sexually violent predator pursuant to Article 4 (commencing with Section 6600) of Chapter 2 of Part 2 of Division 6 of the Welfare and Institutions Code.

(c) The provisions of this chapter are mandatory and apply whether or not the court advises a person, including any juvenile, that he or she must provide the databank and database specimens, samples, and print impressions as a condition of probation, parole, or any plea of guilty, no contest, or not guilty by reason of insanity, to any of the offenses described in subdivision (a).

(d) At sentencing or disposition, the prosecuting attorney shall verify in writing that the requisite samples are required by law, and that they have been taken, or are scheduled to be taken before the offender is released on probation, or other scheduled release. However, a failure by the prosecuting attorney or any other law enforcement agency to verify sample requirement or collection shall not relieve a person of the requirement to provide samples.

(e) The abstract of judgment issued by the court shall indicate that the court has ordered the person to comply with the requirements of this chapter and that the person shall be included in the state's DNA and Forensic Identification Data Base and Data Bank program and be subject to this chapter. However, failure by the court to enter these facts in the abstract of judgment shall not invalidate a plea, conviction, or disposition, or otherwise relieve a person from the requirements of this chapter.

SEC. 2. Notwithstanding Section 17610 of the Government Code, if the Commission on State Mandates determines that this act contains costs mandated by the state, reimbursement to local agencies and school districts for those costs shall be made pursuant to Part 7 (commencing



with Section 17500) of Division 4 of Title 2 of the Government Code. If the statewide cost of the claim for reimbursement does not exceed one million dollars (\$1,000,000), reimbursement shall be made from the State Mandates Claims Fund.

SEC. 3. This act is an urgency statute necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety within the meaning of Article IV of the Constitution and shall go into immediate effect. The facts constituting the necessity are:

To investigate, prosecute, and prevent terrorism, which poses an immediate and ongoing threat to the safety of this state and its citizens, it is necessary that this act go into immediate effect.

